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· 简讯 ·

王身立教授 6 次成功预测诺贝尔奖

A. Fire 与 C. C. Mello 因发现 RNA 干扰导致基因沉默而荣获 2006 年度的诺贝尔生理学与医学奖。早在 3 年前, 湖南师范大学生命科学学院的王身立教授就曾预测“RNA 干扰的发现者有可能获诺贝尔奖”(详见《生命科学研究》第 7 卷第 3 期第 202 页), 这是王身立教授第 6 次成功预测诺贝尔奖。

王身立教授所预测成功的 6 次诺贝尔奖列表如下:

预测年份	发表的书刊或学术会议	获奖者	获奖年份	获奖成果
1982	自然杂志 5(9):648	B. McClintock	1983, 生理学与医学奖	转座子
1984	自然杂志 7(5):328	G. Kohler 等	1984, 生理学与医学奖	单克隆抗体
1988	自然杂志 11(5):326	J. M. Bishop 等	1989, 生理学与医学奖	癌基因
1992	生命科学探索。湖南教育出版社, 第 111 页	K. B. Mullis	1993, 生理学与医学奖	PCR 技术
1995	湖南省遗传学会学术年会 (1995 年 1 月)	R. F. Furchtgott 等	1998, 生理学与医学奖	NO 作为信号分子
2003	生命科学研究, 7(3):202	Fire 等	2006, 生理学与医学奖	RNA 干扰

此外, 王身立教授预测可能获诺贝尔奖的项目还有抗癌基因、PI 系激素、调钙素等。